DATA MANAGEMENT IN COMPBIOMED MOVING TOWARDS FAIR DATA

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Machine Learning meets Modelling and Simulation Methods

17th March 2020



What is SURF?

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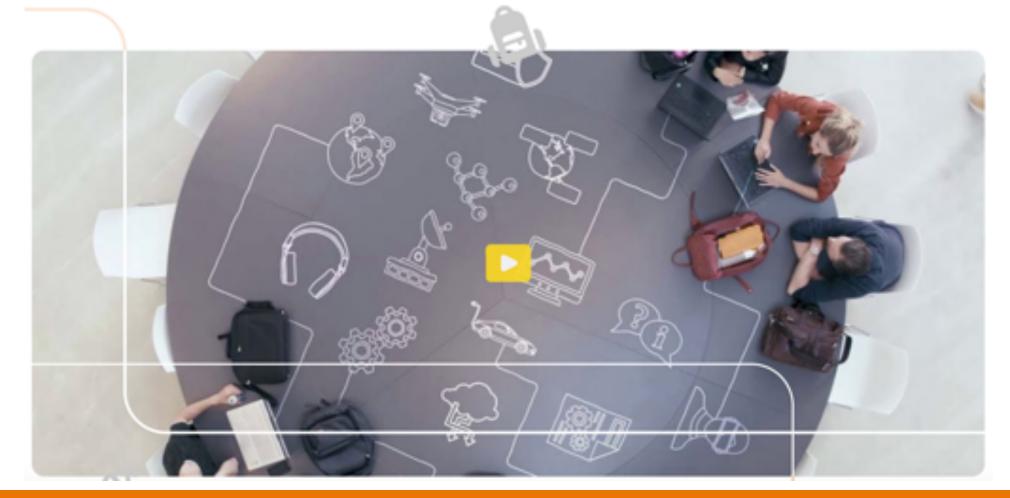


SURF is the collaborative organisation for

ICT in Dutch education and research

Driving innovation together

SURF



Fields of work







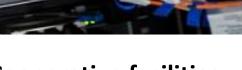
Flexible education

Diverse learning resources

Using study data

Unlimited access World-class facilities Stimulating Open Science

Research



Cooperative facilities

On campus

Security in the digital world

User-centred



The Dutch National Supercomputer Cartesius

- Total cores: 47767 CPU + 132 GPU
- Total memory: 117 TB
- Peak performance: 1.843 Pflop/sec
- Disk space: 180 TB home,
 7.7 PB project/scratch
- Operating system: BullX (GNU/Linux)
- Network: Mellanox InfiniBand
 56 GBps bandwidth,
 3µs latency

Top 500 largest supercomputers

- **2014: #45**
- 2018: #360





SURF is more.. than just big systems



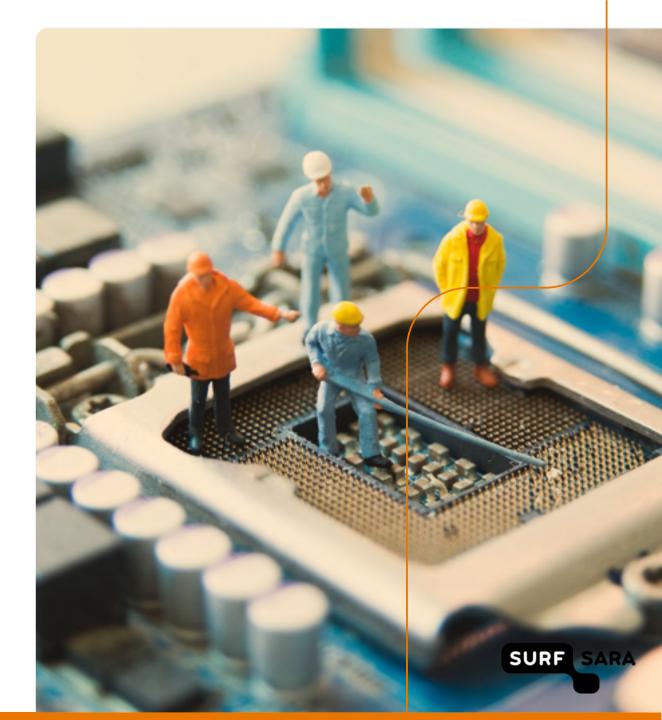
Consultancy



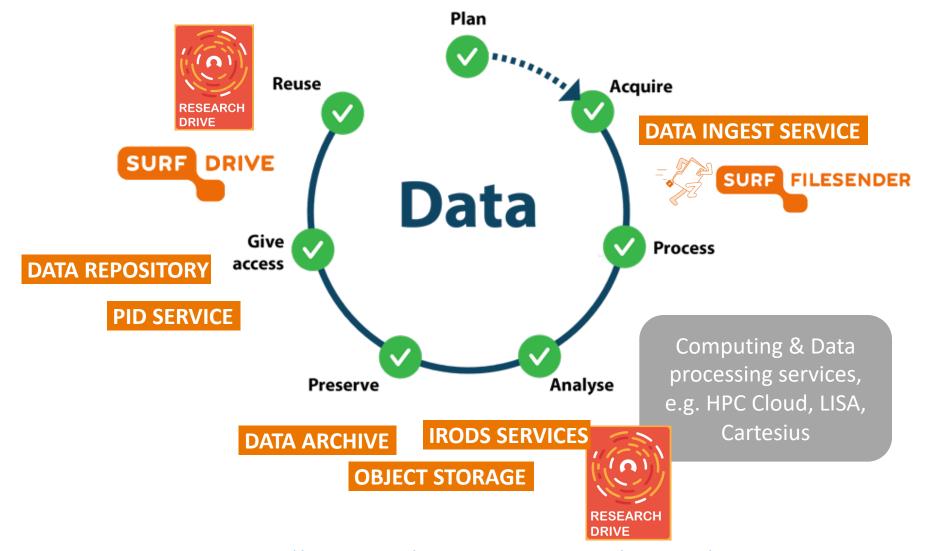
Training



Knowledge Exchange



Data Services at SURF

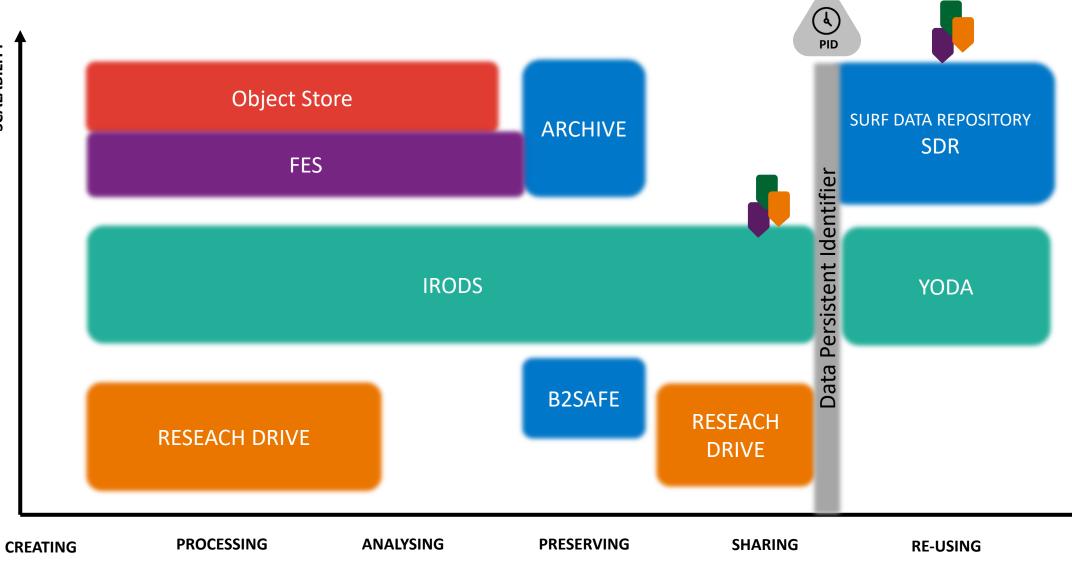


SURF

For more detail, please see https://www.surf.nl/diensten-en-producten/categorie/datadiensten

Data Services at SURF

SCALABILITY



SURF

Data Services Projects













Data Requirements in Reseach Communities

More efficient data access, sharing and transfer

- Intensive data-sharing and transfer
- Restricted data-sharing and transfer
- Preserving research data
 - Storage, backup and archiving large data, synchronizing data over distributed places
 - data provenance
- Accessible research Data
 - Making data accessible to research communities, PIDs
 - Publishing data with domain specific metadata
 - Linking published data to processed and raw data
- Findable research data
 - A major challenges scientific communities is to discover data from research data collections and repositories

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What is... FAIR ?

Findable:

F1. (meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier;

F2. data are described with rich metadata;

F3. metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data it describes;

F4. (meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource;

Interoperable:

 (meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.

12. (meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles;

 (meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data;

Accessible:

A1. (meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardized communications protocol;

A1.1 the protocol is open, free, and universally implementable;

A1.2. the protocol allows for an authentication and authorization procedure, where necessary;

A2. metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available;

Reusable:

R1. meta(data) are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes;

R1.1. (meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license;

R1.2. (meta)data are associated with detailed provenance;

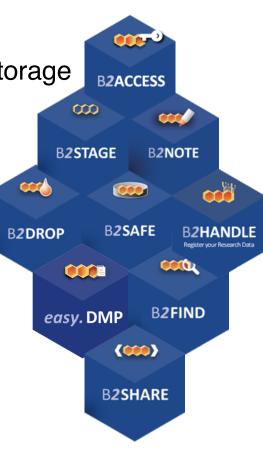
R1.3. (meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards;

doi: 10.1038/sdata.2016.18 EUDAT Summer School, 3-7 July 2017, Crete



EUDAT B2Service Suite

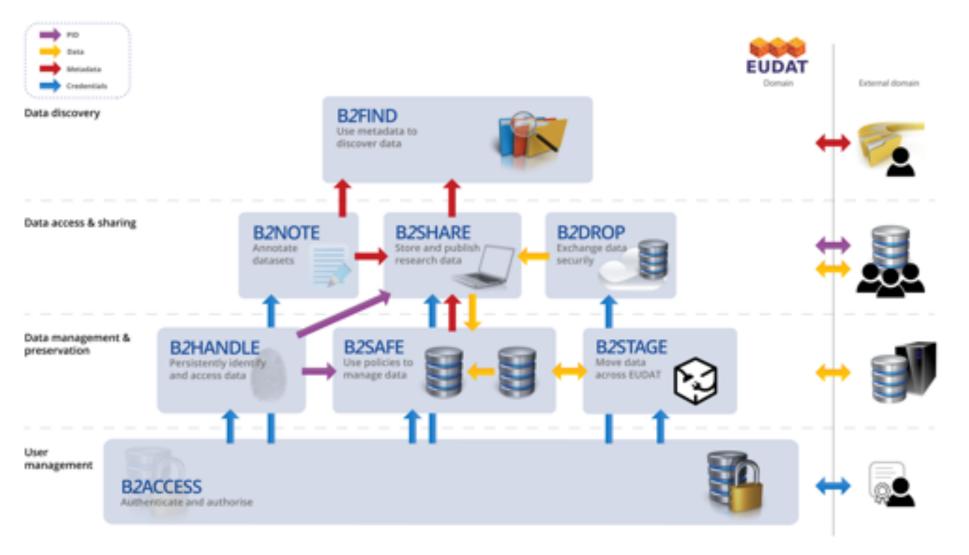
- B2ACCESS Authentication and Authorisation
- B2DROP Data Workspace
- B2SAFE Distributed, Secure Policy Based Data Storage
- **B2SHARE** Searchable Data Repository
- **B2STAGE** High Performance Data Movement
- **B2FIND** Searchable Metadata Aggregator
- **B2HANDLE** Persistent Identifier Provider
- **B2NOTE** Semantic Metadata Annotation
- **easy.DMP** Data Management Planning Assistant
- Gitlab Git repository and collaborative software development platform



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EUDAT B2 Services Diagram

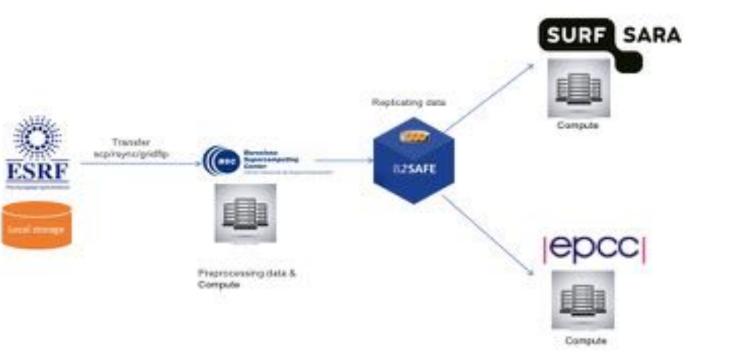


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Use case: Workflow using Alya Application

- Step 1: Data creation and transfer: The raw data is collected at ESRF in France. The data is being stored locally on tapes. Currently, a copy of the data is transferred to BSC.
- Step 2: Data pre-processing: In BSC, researchers pre-process the data which includes manual and automated steps for image stitching, segmentation and meshing.
- Step 3: Data replication: The preprocessed data needs to be replicated from BSC to SURFsara and EPCC. The replicated data will then be used to run simulations on the supercomputers in these sites.





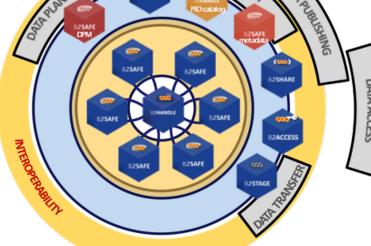




B2SAFE Data Polic Aanager (DPM

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B2SAFE

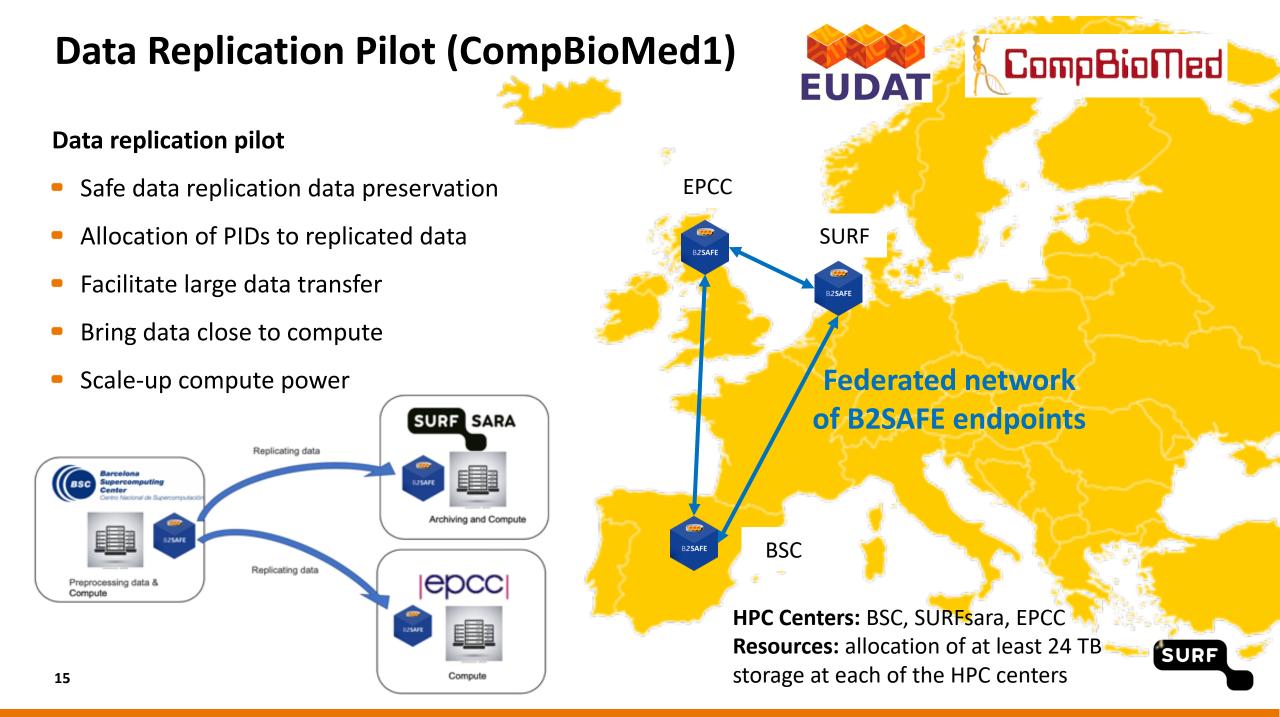


Data curatio

Who

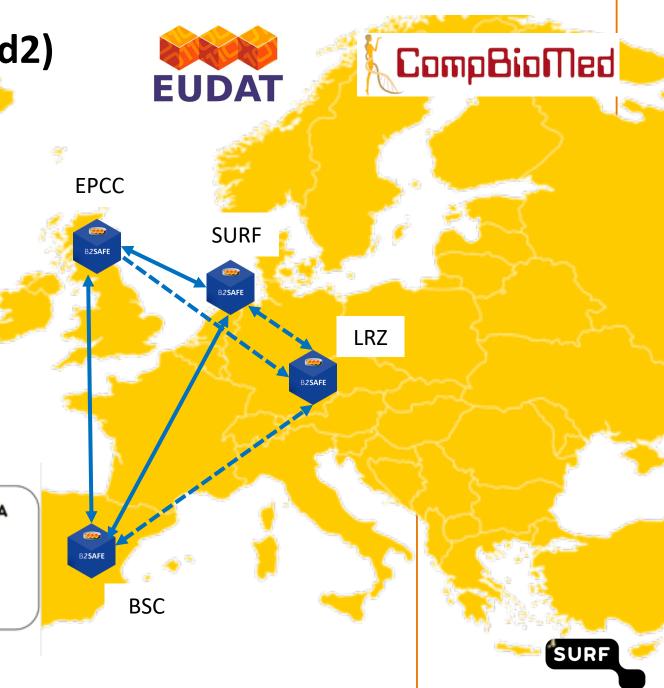
- Community Data Managers
- Sophisticated' Organizations
- What
 - Provide an abstraction layer which virtualizes large-scale data resources
 - Guard against data loss in long-term **archiving** and preservation
 - Optimize access for users from different regions and to computing resources
 - Data management on basis of **policies**
- Why
 - Performance
 - Replication between trusted sites
 - Data Preservation

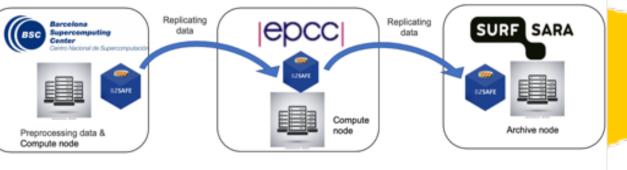




Future work pilot (CompBioMed2)

- Allocation of resources and replication of the real data (24 TB per Centre)
- Extend the network of B2SAFE endpoints including more HPC centres
- Try other replication scenarios
- Integration B2SAFE and B2SHARE







EUDAT Data Repository for publishing data Who

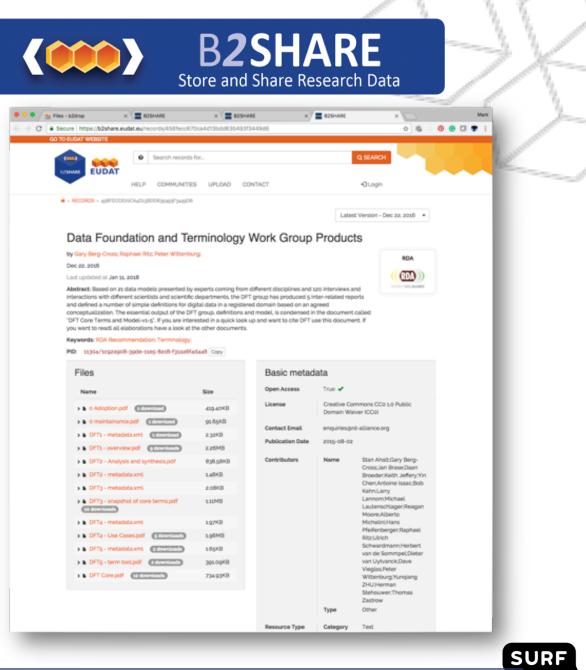
Small to Medium Teams

What

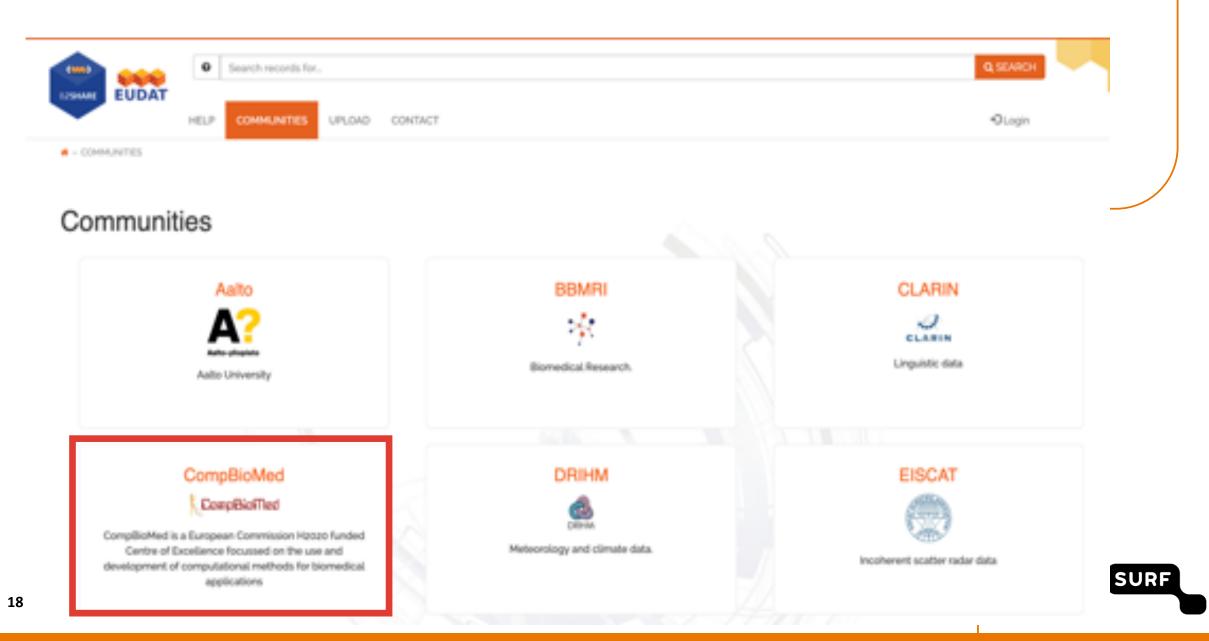
- Store data (incl. software) and add domain meta data
- Share registered research data worldwide
- Preserve (small-scale) research data for long-term

Why

- Register Data for Publications (FAIR)
- Make known to wider community



CompBioMed Community in B2SHARE



Thank you!

Thanks to:

- SURF Data Preservation Services team
- SURF Data Management Services team
- Projects:









